



ENERG
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Midea

MCA4U-09NX
MO-09N8-Q

SEER



kW **2,6**
SEER **6,2**
kWh/annum **147**



52dB

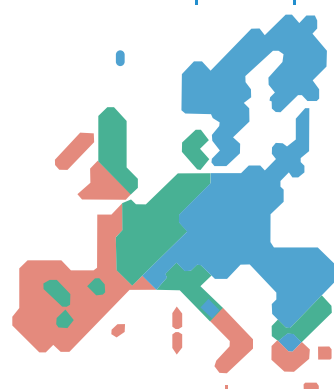


63dB

SCOP



kW **2,8**
SCOP **5,1**
kWh/annum **769**



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626/2011

OWNER'S MANUAL - PRODUCT FICHE

RELATED OWNER'S MANUAL CODE:LCAC

Trade Mark	MIDEA			
	MCA4U-09NX	MFAU-09NX-1	MTJU-09HNX	
Model: Indoor	MO-09N8-Q	MO-09N8-Q	MO-09N8-Q	
Model: Outdoor				
Sound power level at standard rating conditions (Indoor/Outdoor) [dB(A)]	52/63	50/62	55/62	
Refrigerant type	R32	R32	R32	
GWP ^[1]	675	675	675	
Charge amount ^[1] [g]	650	650	650	
CO2 equivalent ^[1] [tonnes]	0.44	0.44	0.44	
SEER [W/W]	6.2	7.8	6.5	
Energy efficiency class in cooling	A++	A++	A++	
Annual electricity consumption in cooling ^[2] [kWh/a]	147	117	140	
Design load in cooling mode (Pdesign) [kW]	2.6	2.6	2.6	
SCOP (average heating season) [W/W]	4.0	4.1	4.1	
Energy efficiency class in heating (average season)	A+	A+	A+	
Annual electricity consumption in heating (average season) ^[2] [kWh/a]	700	683	718	
Design load in heating mode (Pdesign) [kW]	2.0	2.0	2.1	
Declared capacity at reference design condition (Average) [kW]	1.85	1.9	2.310	
Back up heating capacity at reference design condition (Average) [kW]	0.150	0.2	-0.210	
SCOP (Warmer) [W/W]	5.1	5.1	5.1	
Energy efficiency class in heating (Warmer)	A+++	A+++	A+++	
Annual electricity consumption in heating (Warmer) ^[2] [kWh/a]	769	686	769	
Design load in heating mode (Pdesign) (Warmer) [kW]	2.8	2.5	2.8	
Declared capacity at reference design condition (Warmer) [kW]	2.8	2.5	2.8	
Back up heating capacity at reference design condition (Warmer) [kW]	0.0	0.0	0.0	

[1] Refrigerant leakage contributes to climate change. Refrigerant with lower global warming potential (GWP) would contribute less to global warming than a refrigerant with higher GWP, if leaked to the atmosphere. This appliance contains a refrigerant fluid with a GWP equal to [675]. This means that if 1kg of this refrigerant fluid would be leaked to the atmosphere, the impact on global warming would be [675] times higher than 1kg of CO₂, over a period of 100 years. Never try to interfere with the refrigerant circuit yourself or disassemble the product yourself and always ask a professional

Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases.

Importer: Frigicoll S.A. CL. BLASCO DE GARAY, No4-6, SANT JUST Desvem, BARCELONA 08960 Spain

Manufacturer: GD Midea Air-Conditioning Equipment Co., Ltd. Midea Industrial City, Beijiao, Shunde, Foshan, Guangdong, China, Zip code: 528311

[2] Energy consumption "XYZ" kWh per year, based on standard test results. Actual energy consumption will depend on how the appliance is used and where it is located.

Note: Please check the model information above according to the model name on the nameplate.

English

Name or trademark

Model

Sound power level at standard rating conditions

Refrigerant type

GWP

EER

Energy efficiency class in cooling

COP

Energy efficiency class in heating

Cooling capacity (Prated)

Heating capacity (Prated)

Refrigerant leakage contributes to climate change. Refrigerant with lower global warming potential (GWP) would contribute less to global warming than a refrigerant with higher GWP, if leaked to the atmosphere. This appliance contains a refrigerant fluid with a GWP equal to 3. This means that if 1kg of this refrigerant fluid would be leaked to the atmosphere, the impact on global warming would be 3 times higher than 1kg of CO₂, over a period of 100 years. Never try to interfere with the refrigerant circuit yourself or disassemble the product yourself and always ask a professional.

Energy consumption 1,4 kWh per 60 minutes in cooling mode, 1,1 kWh per 60 minutes in heating mode, based on standard test results. Actual energy consumption will depend on how the appliance is used and where it is located.

Español

Nombre o marca registrada

Modelo

Nivel de potencia acústica en condiciones de clasificación estándar

Tipo de refrigerante

GWP

EER

Clase de eficiencia energética en refrigeración

COP

Clase de eficiencia energética en calefacción

Capacidad de refrigeración (Prated)

Capacidad de calefacción (Prated)

La fuga de refrigerante contribuye al cambio climático. El refrigerante con menor potencial de calentamiento global (GWP) contribuiría menos al calentamiento global que un refrigerante con mayor GWP, si se filtrase a la atmósfera. Este equipo utiliza un fluido refrigerante con un GWP de 3. Este valor significa que si 1 kg de este fluido refrigerante se filtrase a la atmósfera, el impacto sobre el calentamiento global sería 3 veces mayor que 1 kg de CO₂, durante un período de 100 años. Nunca intente manipular el circuito del refrigerante ni desarme el producto usted mismo, consulte siempre a un profesional.

Consumo de energía 1,4 kWh por 60 minutos en modo refrigeración, 1,1 kWh por 60 minutos en modo calefacción, basado en resultados estándar de test. El consumo energético real dependerá de cómo se utilice el producto y dónde se encuentre.

Française

Nom ou marque

Modèle

Niveau de puissance acoustique dans des conditions nominales standard

Type de réfrigérant

PRG

EER

Classe d'efficacité énergétique en mode refroidissement

COP

Classe d'efficacité énergétique en mode chauffage

Capacité de refroidissement (Prated)

Capacité de chauffage (Prated)

Les fuites de réfrigérant contribuent au changement climatique. Les réfrigérants dont le potentiel de réchauffement global (PRG) est plus faible contribuent moins au réchauffement global que les réfrigérants dont le PRG est plus élevé, en cas de fuite dans l'atmosphère. Cet appareil contient un fluide réfrigérant dont le PRG est égal à 3. Cela signifie que si 1 Kg de ce fluide réfrigérant venait à se déverser dans l'atmosphère, l'impact en termes de réchauffement global serait 3fois supérieur à 1 Kg de CO₂ sur une période de 100 ans. Ne tentez jamais d'intervenir vous-même sur le circuit de réfrigérant ni de démonter le produit par vous-même. Demandez toujours de l'aide à un professionnel.

Consommation d'énergie 1,4 kWh par 60 minutes en mode de refroidissement, 1,1 kWh par 60 minutes en mode de chauffage, sur la base des résultats des tests standard. La consommation d'énergie réelle dépendra de la manière dont l'appareil est utilisé et de son emplacement.

